



Subject: Omalizumab (Xolair®)*

Effective Date: October 28, 2008

Department(s): Utilization Management

Policy: Xolair is reimbursable under Plans administered by QualCare, Inc. when used according to the criteria in this policy.

Objective: To assure proper and consistent reimbursement and to delineate circumstances under which a specific drug is covered.

Procedure: Xolair®(omalizumab) (HCPCS code J2357)is reimbursable for the indications noted in sections I and II below when the specific medical necessity criteria are met.

- I. Asthma- the individual is ≥ 12 years of age, has poorly controlled moderate-to-severe asthma (see below) and meets all of the following criteria:
 - A. There must be documentation of atopy either with a positive skin test or in vitro reactivity (by RAST or comparable testing) to at least one perennial airborne allergen OR a clearly documented history of asthma in response to an inhaled allergen.
 - B. The pre-treatment IgE level must be at least 30 IU/mL

- C. Symptoms must be poorly controlled with inhaled corticosteroids AND long-acting beta-agonists (*e.g.*, salmeterol [Serevent[®], Advair[®]]) or leukotriene inhibitors (*e.g.*, montelukast [Singulair[®]]) for at least 3 months.
- D. Omalizumab will be add-on therapy to the current medical therapy.
- E. Symptoms of wheezing, cough, or dyspnea occur daily and interfere with activities of daily living and/or sleep.
- F. For the purposes of this policy, poor asthma control is characterized by at least one of the following:
 - 1. Use of a short-acting inhaled beta2-agonist (“rescue” inhaler) more than 2 days a week.
 - 2. Variation of peak expiratory flow rate of more than 30% over the course of a day
 - 3. Peak expiratory flow rate less than 80% of highest recorded for the given individual
 - 4. Forced expiratory flow rate in 1 second (FEV1) less than 60% of predicted
 - 5. At least three events in 12 months, from the following list:
 - a. Emergency room or urgent care center visit
 - b. Inpatient hospital admission for asthma
 - c. Requirement of systemic (oral or injectable) steroids for control
 - 6. In a patient taking Xolair[®], worsening of asthma when it is discontinued.
- G. Initial authorization of Xolair[®] will be for 6 months. To continue Xolair[®] beyond the first six months, there must be documentation of at least one of the following:
 - 1. Decreased use of “rescue” inhaler
 - 2. Decreased frequency of exacerbations

3. Improvement in FEV1
4. Improvement in at least one of the following symptoms:

- a. Sleep disturbance
- b. Shortness of breath
- c. Wheezing
- d. Chest tightness
- e. Frequency of asthma attacks
- f. Cough
- g. Fatigue

H. Repeated measurement of IgE in individuals taking Xolair[®] will not be reimbursed.

I. Xolair[®] is not reimbursable as initial therapy for asthma, non-allergic asthma, or allergy that is not accompanied by asthma.

II. Chronic idiopathic urticaria (CIU) -when ALL of the following criteria are met:

- A. Age 12 years or older.
- B. Symptoms for at least 6 weeks.
- C. Failure, contraindication, or intolerance to hydroxyzine or at least ONE other H1-antihistamine(ie doxepin)
- D. Failure, contraindication, or intolerance to at least one other class of treatment: H2 antagonist (e.g., famotidine, ranitidine); leukotriene receptor antagonist (e.g., montelukast).

Note-Initial authorization of Xolair[®] for use in CIU will be for 6 months. Subsequent authorizations of 6 months each require documentation of continued beneficial response, continued concomitant use of an H-1 antihistamine and, where clinically appropriate, an attempt at dose reduction or discontinuation has been made.

References

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Drafted By/Date: B.Fisher, MD 09/24/08
Approved By/Date: QM Committee 10/28/08
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*Consistent with Summary Plan Description (SPD). When there is discordance between this policy and the SPD, the provisions of the SPD prevail.